

## Excercise 8

1. Read through helps and examples of functions `DSolve` `NDSolve`.
2. Solve differential equations both analytically and numerically, define some boundary conditions and plot the solution function (or real-part of it, if solution is a complex function)

a)

$$y'(x) = 6y(x)$$

b)

$$y'(x) + 3y(x) = 4$$

c)

$$4y''(x) - 3y'(x) + 5y(x) = 2$$

3. The trajectory of thrown ball could be solved parametrically from equations:

$$y''(t) = -g$$

$$x'(t) = v_{0x}$$

Solve differential equations and identify initial locations and velocities from the solution. Define following initial conditions and calculate the distance and maximum height of the throw.  $g = 9.81$ ,  $v_{0x} = 10$ ,  $v_{0y} = 20$ ,  $y_0 = x_0 = 0$ .

4. Let's add air resistance ( $k = 0.1$ ) to the previous excercise. The equations of motion are now:

$$F_y = my''(t) = mg - ky'(t)$$

$$F_x = mx''(t) = -kx'(t)$$

Again, solve and plot the trajectory of the ball ( $m = 1$  kg) and find the maximum height and distance of the throw. If you drop the ball to the infinitely deep shaft, what would be its terminal velocity?